

Install smartmontools on Citrix XenServer

Every professionally used server should have its disk drives monitored. It is a bit surprising that smartmontools are not installed by default on Citrix XenServer, but fortunately this is easy to fix.



Disk drives will eventually fail! Do use smartmontools!

I am running smartmontools for a few years now, and I have already received **several** warning emails about failing disk drives. Often, if you know that a disk drive is about to fail, you still have time to gracefully shut down virtual machines, run backups etc.

Installing and configuring smartmontools on Citrix XenServer (or any other Linux system) is trivial and absolutely worth the time.

General installation

To install smartmontools on a general Linux system (not XenServer), run

```
yum install smartmontools
```

or

```
apt-get install smartmontools
```

Installation on Citrix XenServer

Citrix XenServer 5.5, 5.6 and 6.0 are based on CentOS 5.4, but the smartmontools package is not available in the default Citrix repository, so it can't be installed with `yum install smartmontools` (as it would be possible with any other CentOS distribution).

It is probably safest to use the same versions that were in the original CentOS 5.4 distribution. Since that release is no longer the latest, we have to go to an archive server to find the packages. The packages listed below are actually used in other CentOS releases too, so these are probably the latest versions anyway.

```
wget http://vault.centos.org/5.4/os/i386/CentOS/mailx-8.1.1-44.2.2.i386.rpm
wget http://vault.centos.org/5.4/os/i386/CentOS/smartmontools-5.38-2.el5.i386.rpm

rpm -hiv smartmontools-5.38-2.el5.i386.rpm mailx-8.1.1-44.2.2.i386.rpm
warning: smartmontools-5.38-2.el5.i386.rpm: Header V3 DSA signature: NOKEY, key ID e8562897
Preparing...                ##### [100%]
 1:mailx                    ##### [ 50%]
 2:smartmontools           ##### [100%]
```

Checking the disk status

We can now retrieve the disk status using `smartctl -d ata -a /dev/sda`. The most important fields are: SMART overall-health self-assessment test result - that should always have a value of PASSED. Other important fields are:

- `Reallocated_Sector_Ct`, which counts the number of bad blocks that have been reallocated. It should be a low number. If this value increases, it is an alarm signal. Make a backup and replace the disk drive.
- `Current_Pending_Sector`, which is the number of blocks with read errors that are not yet reallocated.
- `Offline_Uncorrectable`.

Also check out the columns `VALUE` `WORST` `THRESH`. For each attribute, the current value of the field should never be lower than the threshold defined by the manufacturer.

```
smartctl -d ata -a /dev/sda
smartctl version 5.38 [i686-redhat-linux-gnu] Copyright (C) 2002-8 Bruce Allen
Home page is http://smartmontools.sourceforge.net/

=== START OF INFORMATION SECTION ===
Device Model:          ST31500341AS
Serial Number:         9VS1Y9GE
Firmware Version:      CCLH
User Capacity:         1,500,301,910,016 bytes
Device is:              Not in smartctl database [for details use: -P showall]
```

ATA Version is: 8
 ATA Standard is: ATA-8-ACS revision 4
 Local Time is: Wed Mar 2 22:37:23 2011 CET
 SMART support is: Available - device has SMART capability.
 SMART support is: Enabled

=== START OF READ SMART DATA SECTION ===
 SMART overall-health self-assessment test result: PASSED

General SMART Values:

Offline data collection status: (0x82) Offline data collection activity was completed without error.
 Auto Offline Data Collection: Enabled.

Self-test execution status: (0) The previous self-test routine completed without error or no self-test has ever been run.

Total time to complete Offline data collection: (625) seconds.

Offline data collection capabilities: (0x7b) SMART execute Offline immediate.
 Auto Offline data collection on/off support.
 Suspend Offline collection upon new command.
 Offline surface scan supported.
 Self-test supported.
 Conveyance Self-test supported.
 Selective Self-test supported.

SMART capabilities: (0x0003) Saves SMART data before entering power-saving mode.
 Supports SMART auto save timer.

Error logging capability: (0x01) Error logging supported.
 General Purpose Logging supported.

Short self-test routine recommended polling time: (1) minutes.

Extended self-test routine recommended polling time: (255) minutes.

Conveyance self-test routine recommended polling time: (2) minutes.

SCT capabilities: (0x103f) SCT Status supported.
 SCT Feature Control supported.
 SCT Data Table supported.

SMART Attributes Data Structure revision number: 10

Vendor Specific SMART Attributes with Thresholds:

ID#	ATTRIBUTE_NAME	FLAG	VALUE	WORST	THRESH	TYPE	UPDATED	WHEN_FAILED	RAW_VALUE
1	Raw_Read_Error_Rate	0x000f	108	099	006	Pre-fail	Always	-	20188464
3	Spin_Up_Time	0x0003	100	100	000	Pre-fail	Always	-	0
4	Start_Stop_Count	0x0032	100	100	020	Old_age	Always	-	5
5	Reallocated_Sector_Ct	0x0033	100	100	036	Pre-fail	Always	-	2
7	Seek_Error_Rate	0x000f	083	060	030	Pre-fail	Always	-	212504152
9	Power_On_Hours	0x0032	083	083	000	Old_age	Always	-	14961
10	Spin_Retry_Count	0x0013	100	100	097	Pre-fail	Always	-	0
12	Power_Cycle_Count	0x0032	100	100	020	Old_age	Always	-	5
184	Unknown_Attribute	0x0032	100	100	099	Old_age	Always	-	0
187	Reported_Uncorrect	0x0032	100	100	000	Old_age	Always	-	0
188	Unknown_Attribute	0x0032	100	098	000	Old_age	Always	-	29
189	High_Fly_Writes	0x003a	001	001	000	Old_age	Always	-	143
190	Airflow_Temperature_Cel	0x0022	064	050	045	Old_age	Always	-	36 (Lifetime Min/Max 22 /47)
194	Temperature_Celsius	0x0022	036	050	000	Old_age	Always	-	36 (0 19 0 0)
195	Hardware_ECC_Recovered	0x001a	049	011	000	Old_age	Always	-	20188464
197	Current_Pending_Sector	0x0012	100	100	000	Old_age	Always	-	0
198	Offline_Uncorrectable	0x0010	100	100	000	Old_age	Offline	-	0
199	UDMA_CRC_Error_Count	0x003e	200	200	000	Old_age	Always	-	0
240	Head_Flying_Hours	0x0000	100	253	000	Old_age	Offline	-	43379169704557
241	Unknown_Attribute	0x0000	100	253	000	Old_age	Offline	-	3426517151
242	Unknown_Attribute	0x0000	100	253	000	Old_age	Offline	-	6452474

SMART Error Log Version: 1
 No Errors Logged

```

SMART Self-test log structure revision number 1
Num Test_Description Status Remaining LifeTime(hours) LBA_of_first_error
# 1 Short offline Completed without error 00% 14961 -

SMART Selective self-test log data structure revision number 1
SPAN MIN_LBA MAX_LBA CURRENT_TEST_STATUS
 1 0 0 Not_testing
 2 0 0 Not_testing
 3 0 0 Not_testing
 4 0 0 Not_testing
 5 0 0 Not_testing
Selective self-test flags (0x0):
 After scanning selected spans, do NOT read-scan remainder of disk.
 If Selective self-test is pending on power-up, resume after 0 minute delay.

```

Running tests manually

To test a drive, issue either a short (`smartctl -d ata -t short /dev/sda`) or a long (`smartctl -d ata -t long /dev/sda`) internal self test. These tests are not destructive and can be executed during normal usage. A short test will complete in a couple of minutes, while a long test can run for hours.

```

smartctl -d ata -t long /dev/sda
smartctl version 5.38 [i686-redhat-linux-gnu] Copyright (C) 2002-8 Bruce Allen
Home page is http://smartmontools.sourceforge.net/

=== START OF OFFLINE IMMEDIATE AND SELF-TEST SECTION ===
Sending command: "Execute SMART Extended self-test routine immediately in off-line mode".
Drive command "Execute SMART Extended self-test routine immediately in off-line mode" successful.
Testing has begun.
Please wait 255 minutes for test to complete.
Test will complete after Fri Mar 4 12:45:52 2011

Use smartctl -X to abort test.

```

Check the disk status with `smartctl -d ata -a /dev/sda` after the self-test completes.

Automatic monitoring of disk drives

The `smartd` daemon handles automatic testing for all drives, logs any status changes in `/var/log/syslog` or `/var/log/messages` and sends a status email in case of a problem (if mail es enabled, see below). It is configured in the file `/etc/smartd.conf`.

The following lines will run a short test every day between 02:00 and 03:00, and a long test on every Saturday between 03:00 and 04:00. If there is a problem, send an email to the configured address. The `-M test` option will send a test email whenever the `smartd` daemon is started.

The `DEVICESCAN` line would normally cause default test runs for all disks that `smartd` finds, but does not work on my system for some reason. So it is commented out and the tests will only run for explicitly listed devices.

```

/dev/sda -d ata -a -s (S/../../../../02|L/../../../../03) -t -m arne@schirmacher.de
/dev/sdb -d ata -a -s (S/../../../../02|L/../../../../03) -t -m arne@schirmacher.de

#DEVICESCAN -H -m root

```

After any change to the `/etc/smartd.conf` file the `smartd` daemon should be restarted: `/etc/init.d/smartd restart`

Enabling email on Citrix XenServer

Citrix XenServer is not configured to run a mail server. Therefore without further configuration `smartd` might attempt to send out warning emails in case anything fails, but no mails will actually receive their destination.

It is fortunately not necessary to install a full-blown email package. XenServer comes with `ssmtp` preinstalled, which simply forwards emails to a real mail server.

To enable mail sending on Citrix XenServer, set up `/etc/ssmtp/ssmtp.conf`. You need to provide a real mail server and the local domain name.

```
#
# /etc/ssmtp.conf -- a config file for sSMTP sendmail.
#
root=postmaster
mailhub=mail.pixsoftware.de
rewriteDomain=pixsoftware.de
hostname=server32.pixsoftware.de
```

After setting up `/etc/ssmtp/ssmtp.conf`, send a test email from the console to make sure that the email gets through:

```
echo "this is a test mail" | mailx -s "Test mail" arne@schirmacher.de
```

If you are using the `-M test` option to a `/etc/smardd.conf` device definition, you can also restart the `smardd` daemon to have it send out test emails.

See also

[Monitoring Hard Disks with SMART](#)
[smartmontools Website](#)
[Festplatten mit SMART überwachen](#)